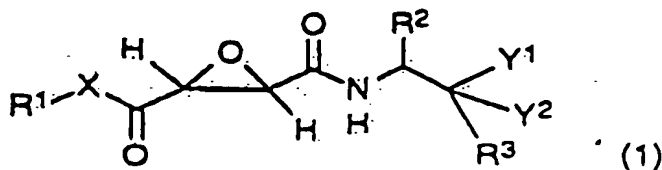


28. (Twice Amended) An epoxysuccinamide derivative having the following formula (1) and its physiologically acceptable salt:



wherein

R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkynyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, or an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

R^2 represents an isobutyl group or an isopropyl group;

R^3 represents a hydrogen atom or an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms;

X represents -O- or -NR⁴- in which R^4 is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

Y^1 represents OR⁵ is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an acyl group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and

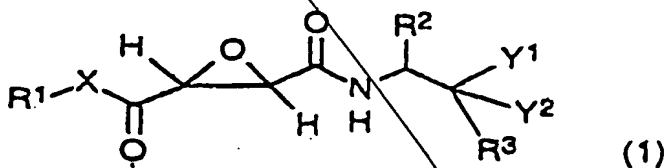
Y^2 represents a hydrogen atom;

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provided that the alkyl group for R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, and guanidino;

provided that the aryl group for R¹, R³ and R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino; and

provided that the heterocyclic group for R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino.

34. (Twice Amended) A method for treating bone diseases which comprises injecting or orally administering into a patient an epoxysuccinamide derivative having the following formula (1) and its physiologically acceptable salt in an amount of 0.01 to 100 mg/day in the case of injection or in an amount of 0.1 mg/day to 1 g/day in the case of oral administration:



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02
wherein

R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkynyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, or an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

R^2 represents an isobutyl group or an isopropyl group;

R^3 represents a hydrogen atom or an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms;

X represents -O- or -NR⁴- in which R^4 is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

Y^1 represents OR⁵ is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an acyl group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and

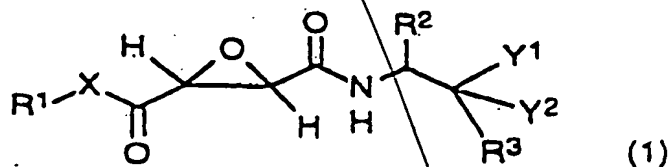
Y^2 represents a hydrogen atom;

provided that the alkyl group for R^5 may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, and guanidino;

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D3
provided that the aryl group for R¹, R³ and R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino; and

provided that the heterocyclic group for R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino.

35. (Twice Amended) A method for treating arthritis which comprises injecting or orally administering into a patient an epoxysuccinamide derivative having the following formula (1) and its physiologically acceptable salt in an amount of 0.01 to 100 mg/day in the case of injection or in an amount of 0.1 mg/day to 1 g/day in the case of oral administration:



wherein

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D3
R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkynyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, or an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

R² represents an isobutyl group or an isopropyl group;

R³ represents a hydrogen atom or an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms;

X represents -O- or -NR⁴- in which R⁴ is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

Y¹ represents OR⁵ is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group comprising an aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an acyl group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms, a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic-alkyl group comprising a heterocyclic group having 3 to 12 carbon atoms and an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and

Y² represents a hydrogen atom;

provided that the alkyl group for R⁵ may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, and guanidino;

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provided that the aryl group for R^1 , R^3 and R^5 may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino; and

~~provided that the heterocyclic group for R^5 may have one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino having 1-6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino having 2-12 carbon atoms in total, alkoxy having 1-6 carbon atoms, halogen, haloalkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, carbamoyl, alkylaminocarbonyl having 2-7 carbon atoms, dialkylaminocarbonyl having 3-13 carbon atoms in total, amidino, and guanidino.~~